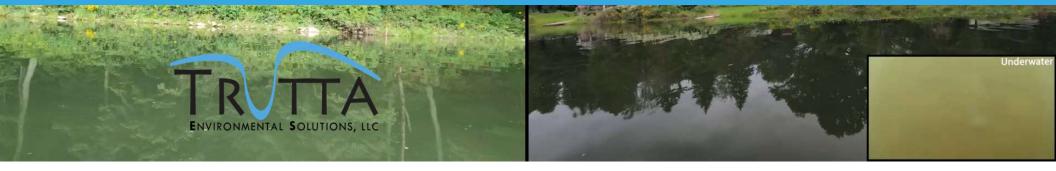


### HIGH DEFNITION STREAM SURVEY

#### Documenting Stream Corridor Condition and Trout Habitat on the Upper Delaware River and Tributary Streams

Prepared by James Parham, Ph.D. Trutta Environmental Solutions

Water Water Everywhere – Oct 2022



# Thanks to:

- National Fish and Wildlife Foundation in collaboration with:
- Friends of the Upper Delaware River,
- Division of Fish and Wildlife, New York Department of Environmental Conservation & Pennsylvania Fish and Boat Commission
  - As Part of the 3-year Upper Delaware River Joint Fisheries Investigation Plan
- Embrace a Stream Program of Trout Unlimited and the Shehawken Chapter of Trout Unlimited
- Upper Delaware Scenic and Recreational River, National Park Service

#### Stream/River Management & Restoration

The goal of ecological stream management and restoration is to restore the stream ecosystem's physical, chemical, and biological composition as close as possible to the native state given the permanent watershed alterations<sup>1</sup>

The five most common goals

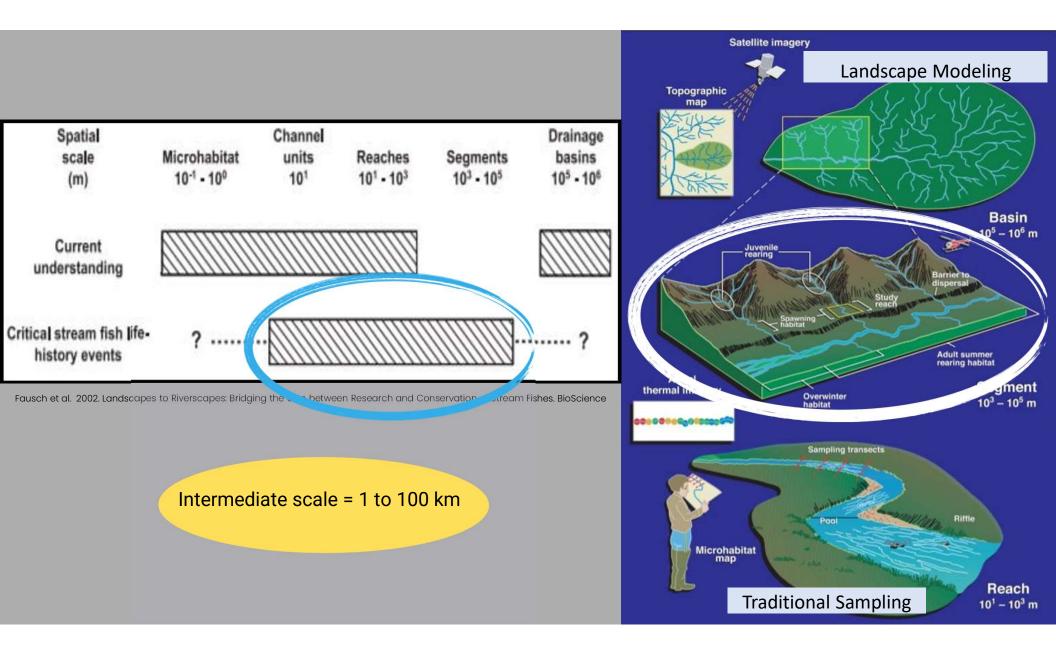
- improve water quality;
- manage riparian zones;
- improve in-stream habitat;
- allow for fish passage and
- stabilize stream banks<sup>2</sup>

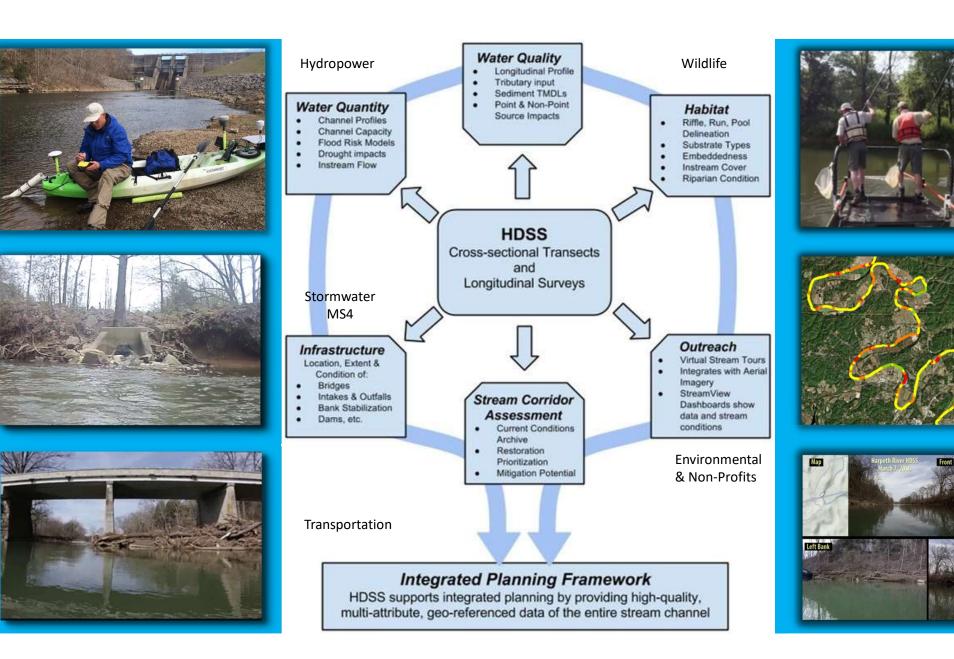
#### Where? Why? How?

#### DRAWBACKS TO TRADITIONAL SAMPLING

- ACCESS
- AREA
- TIME
- FLOW/DEPTH LIMITS
- Stream Walks Only Documents Bad Areas







### How do we collect data?







BACKPACK

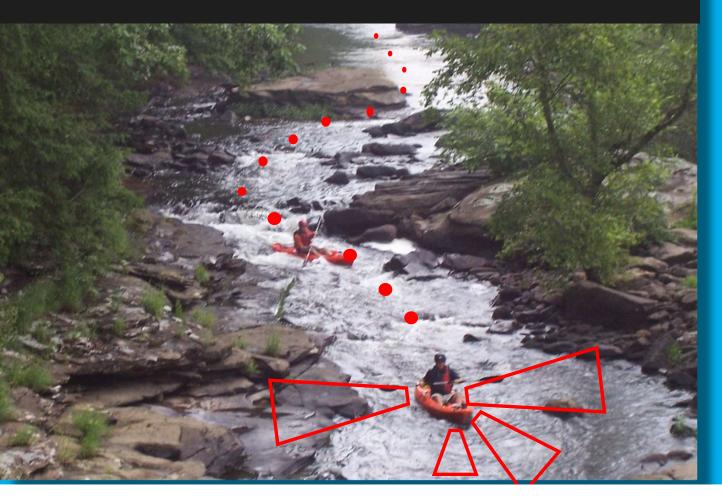
KAYAK



In select places: DRONES

INFLATABLE BOAT

### What data do we collect?



#### Side Video/LiDAR

- Left & Right Streambank
- Riparian
- Floodplain Access
- Infrastructure

#### Front Video

- Habitat Type
- Canopy Cover

#### Down Video & Sonar

- Depth
- Side-scan imagery
- Substrate Type
- Embeddedness

#### Water Quality Sensor

• DO, pH, Temp, etc.

#### Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler

- Bathymetry
- Discharge
- Transects

#### Water Grab Samples

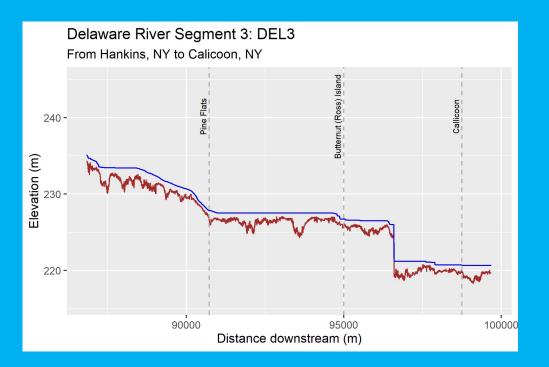
• eDNA

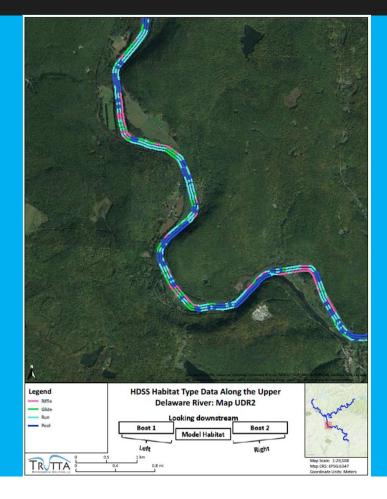
GPS Time Location Elevation

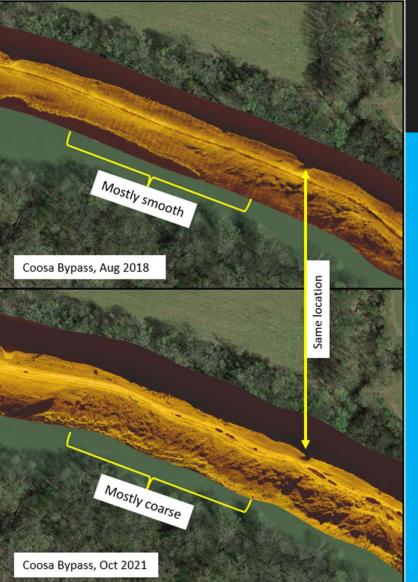
### Visual Habitat



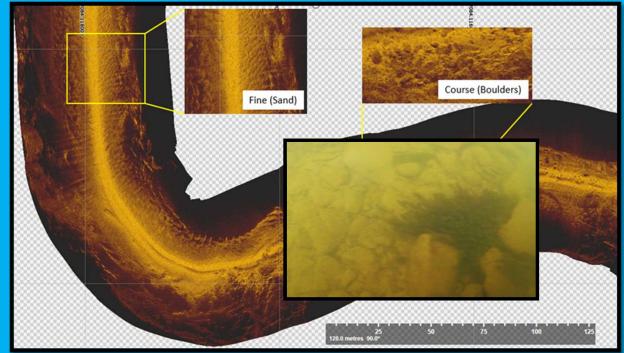
### Digitally Collected Habitat Depth, Elevation, Slope & Habitat Type







### Underwater Habitat Side-scan Sonar & Video

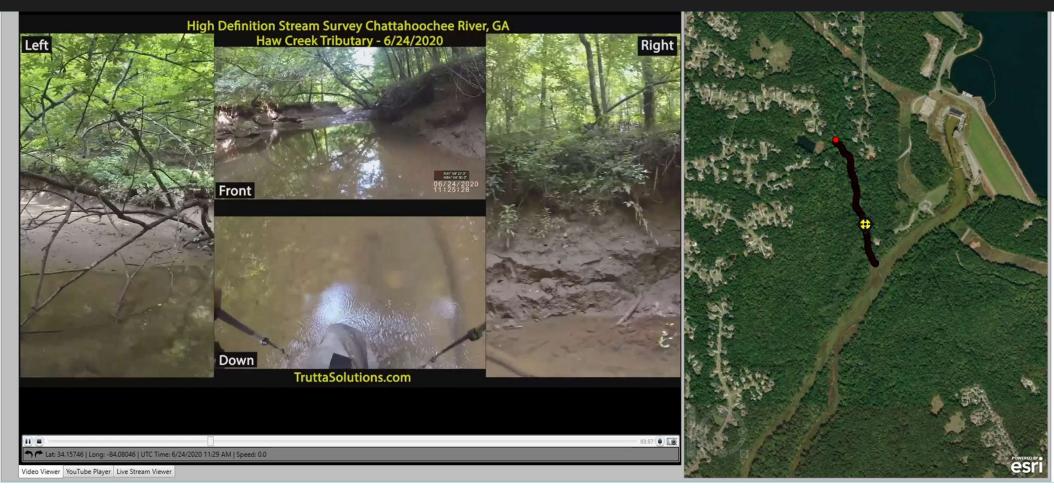




#### BATHYMETRY + LIDAR

#### SPATIAL METADATA EMBEDDED IN VIDEO:

#### WORKS IN ARCGIS, QGIS & REMOTE GEOSYSTEMS GEOTAGGER



# Goal: HDSS for East, West and Mainstem of Delaware River and HDFS for Shehawken Creek



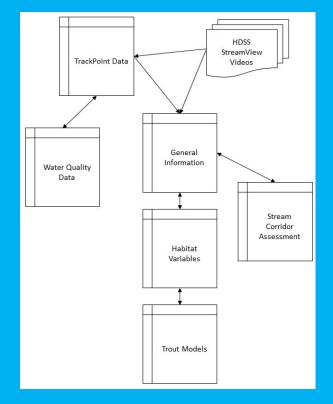
Field work completed - Aug 31 to Sept 9, 2020

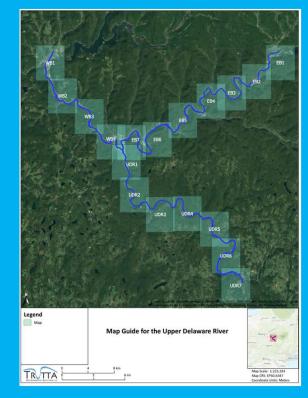
Conduct a High Definition Stream Survey on 77 miles of the Upper Delaware River to :

- Complete a Stream Corridor Assessment (SCA).
- Quantify Trout Habitat Suitability

Gather High Definition Fish Survey on Shehawken and Equinunk Creeks

### Data Organization and Reporting





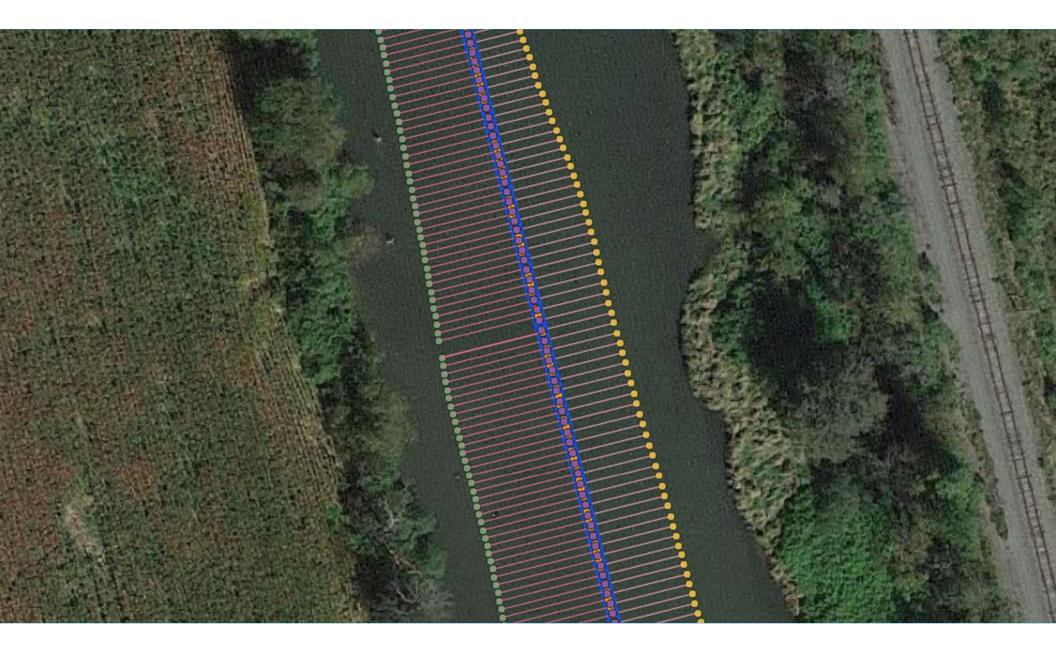


Geopackage Relationships

Map Atlases

**Place Names** 

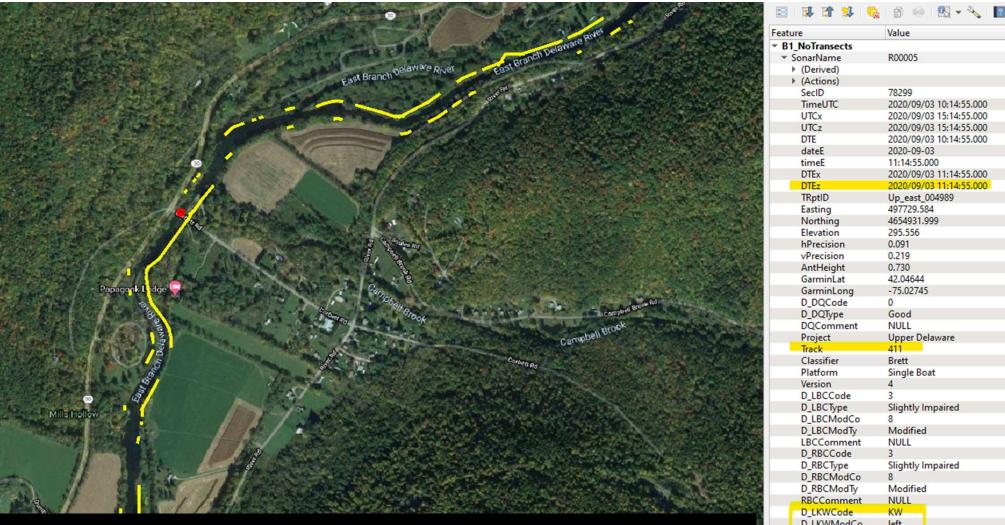




#### Observed Conditions are Classified from the Video and Sensor Data

File Observations	Playback	Tools	Analyze	Help
-------------------	----------	-------	---------	------

a       Amaginalia       Point event       Point event	subject	code	type
1       Optimal:1       Point event         2       SubOptimal:2       Point event         3       Marginal:3       Point event         4       Poor4       Point event         5       VeryPoor5       Point event         6       Additional6       Point event         7       Poor7       Point event         8       Riffle:8       Point event         9       Run:9       State event         9       Run:9       State event         9       Run:9       State event         2       Xudo/Nuclean       Coss Section:12         2       State event       State event			
2       SubOptimal2       Point event       Audo/video       Point event       Point event	Left	Optimal:1	type
3       Marginali3       Point event         4       Poor4       Point event         5       VeryPoor5       Point event         6       Additionab6       Point event         7       Pool7       Point event         9       Ron9       State event         10       Dragging:11       State event         2       Cross Section:12       State event		Poor:4	
4       Point event         5       VeryPoor5       Point event         6       Additionali6       Point event         7       Pool?7       Point event         7       Pool?7       Point event         9       Run:9       Point event         9       Point event         9       Point event         1       D       Pragei10       State event         2       X       Cross Section:12       State event		Marginal:3	
5       VeryPoor:5       Point event         6       Additionabb       Point event         7       Pool:7       Point event         9       Run:9       Point event         9       Portage:10       State event         1       D       Portage:11       State event         2       X       Cross Section:12       State event		Poor:4	
Additionals6       Point event         7       Pool:7       Point event         8       Riffle8       Point event         9       Run:9       Point event         0       Point event         1       D       Pragging:11         1       State event         2       X.000       State event		Marginal:3	
7       Pool:7       Point event         8       Riffle8       Point event         9       Run:9       Point event         0       Portage:10       State event         1       D       Dragging:11       State event         2       X       Cross Section:12       State event		Poor:4	
8       Riffle.8       Point event       9       Run.9       Point event       9       Point event       9       0.32:14.098       L         9       Run.9       Point event       9       0.32:24.33       L       1       0       0.44:42.681       L       1       0       0.44:42.681       L       1       0.05:14.311       L       1       0.05:14.311       L       1       0.05:14.311       L       1       0.51:19.917       L		Poor:4	
9       Run:9       Point event       9       0:38:22:433       L         0       Portage:10       State event       10       0:44:42:681       L         1       D       Dragging:11       State event       10:50:14:311       L         2       X-cross Section:12       State event       0:50:19:917       L		Marginal:3	
D         Portage:10         State event         1         Document         Docu		Poor:4	
In D         Dragging:11         State event         11         00:50:14.311         L           2 X         Cross Section:12         State event         1         00:50:19.917         L		SubOptimal:2	
2 X Cross Section:12 State event - 12 00:51:19.917 L		Dragging:11	START
		Dragging:11	STOP
3 E ElectricLines:13 State event		Poor:4	5101
		VeryPoor:5	
DATE SAVING		Poor:4	
Picks		Marginal:3	
		SubOptimal:2	
		Marginal:3	
		SubOptimal:2	
		Poor:4	
		Cross Section:12	START
		Cross Section:12	
		Poor:4	STOP
		Marginal:3	
		Marginal:3	
		Poor:4	
		Marginal:3	
	Leit p	SubOptimal:2	
R         Kight         28         01:12:45:238         L           F         Front         29         01:13:45:238         L	Left S		

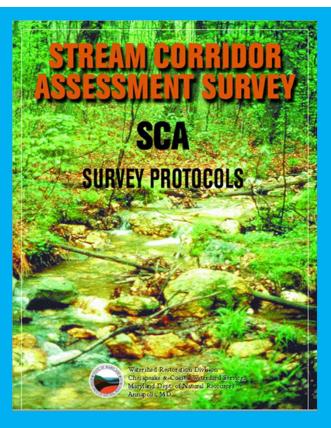


#### Data linked to GIS and Videos **Ex: Japanese Knotweed Distribution**

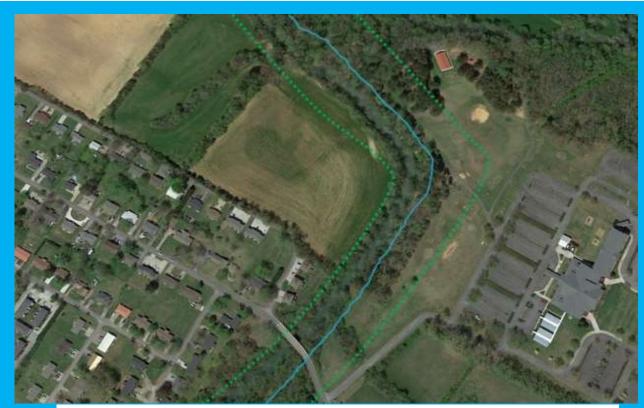
GarminLat	42.04644
GarminLong	-75.02745
D_DQCode	0
D_DQType	Good
DQComment	NULL
Project	Upper Delaware
Track	411
Classifier	Brett
Platform	Single Boat
Version	4
D_LBCCode	3
D_LBCType	Slightly Impaired
D_LBCModCo	8
D_LBCModTy	Modified
LBCComment	NULL
D_RBCCode	3
D_RBCType	Slightly Impaired
D_RBCModCo	8
D_RBCModTy	Modified
RBCComment	NULL
D_LKWCode	KW
D_LKWModCo	left
D_RKWCode	No
D_RKWModCo	right
Layer Selection	

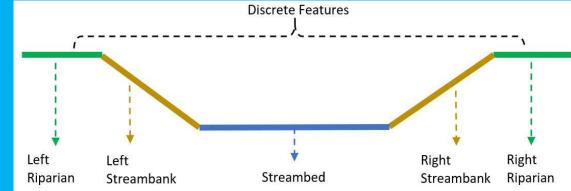
Mode



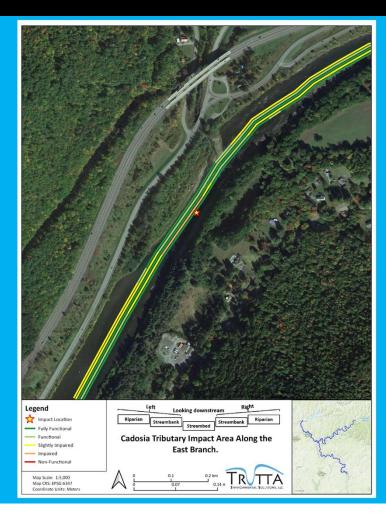


- Riparian
- Streambank
- Streambed
- Discrete Point features
- Japanese Knotweed





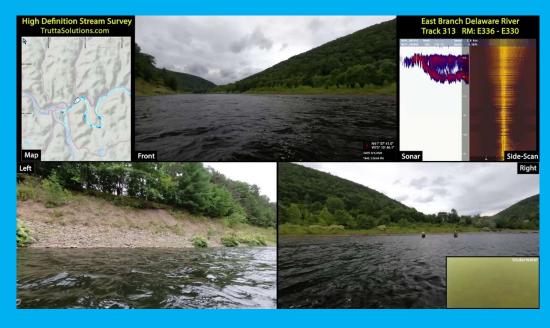
### SCA Results



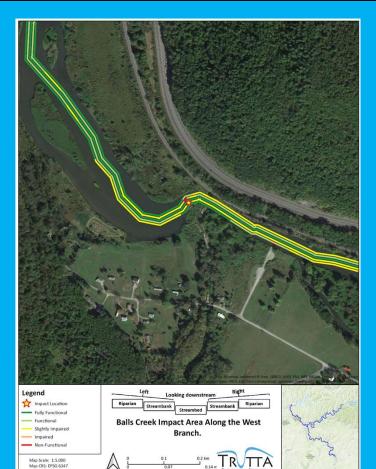
- Overall, UDR was in good condition
  - Impaired or Non-functional segments were less than 3% for riparian, streambank and streambed
- Some Problem Issues were observed
  - Streambank failure near tributary mouths
  - Streambank issue in other areas
  - Areas of sediment runoff
  - Infrastructure problems
  - Invasive plant issue

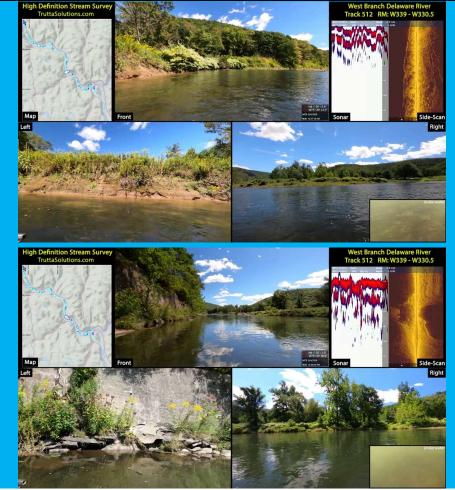
# Streambank failure near tributary mouths Cadosia





# Streambank failure near tributary mouths Balls Creek



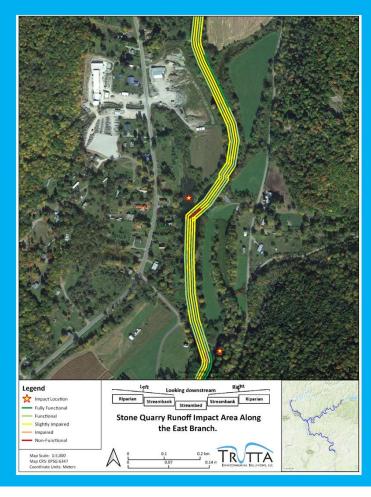


# Streambank failure near tributary mouths Baxter Brook





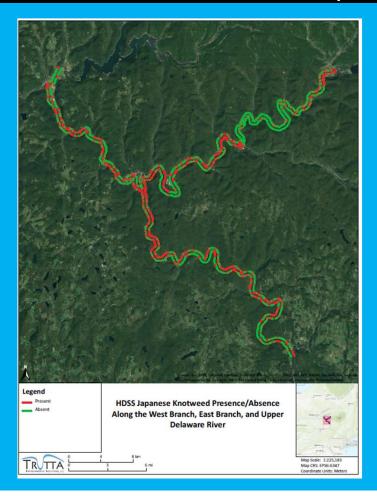
# Sediment Runoff Stone Quarry







# Invasive Plants Japanese Knotweed





		Knotweed		Knotweed
	Knotweed	Right bank	Knotweed	Both banks
River	Present	(m)	Left bank (m)	(m)
Delaware River	Yes	47.0%	52.4%	49.7%
Delaware River	No	53.0%	47.6%	50.3%
East Branch	Yes	40.9%	38.8%	39.8%
East Branch	No	59.1%	61.2%	60.2%
West Branch	Yes	50.8%	43.5%	47.2%
West Branch	No	49.2%	56.5%	52.8%
Total	Yes	45.2%	44.8%	45.0%
Total	No	54.8%	55.2%	55.0%

#### Trout Habitat Assessment



- Based on Habitat Variables
  - Water Depth
  - Habitat Type
  - Roughness and Cover
  - Water Surface Elevation, Bed Elevation, Stream Slope and Water Velocity
- Applied Published Habitat Suitability Criteria
  - Adult Brown Trout
  - Juvenile Brown Trout
  - Brown Trout Spawning Habitat
  - Adult Rainbow Trout
  - Juvenile Rainbow Trout

# Trout Habitat Assessment – Water Depth



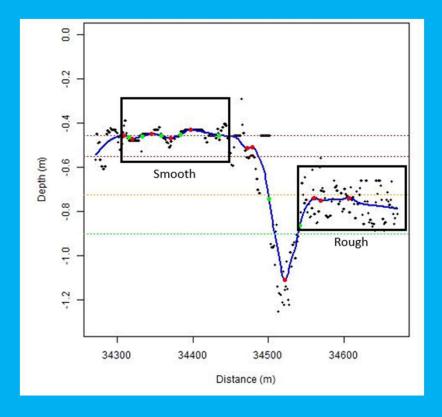
		Maximum	Average	
Segment	Readings	Depth (m)	Depth (m)	
West Branch	51,872	-2.45	-0.67	
Upper East Branch	26,235	-2.97	-0.74	
Lower East Branch	52,122	-3.99	-0.81	
Delaware River	89,870	-6.97	-1.03	
Overall	220,099	-6.97	-0.86	

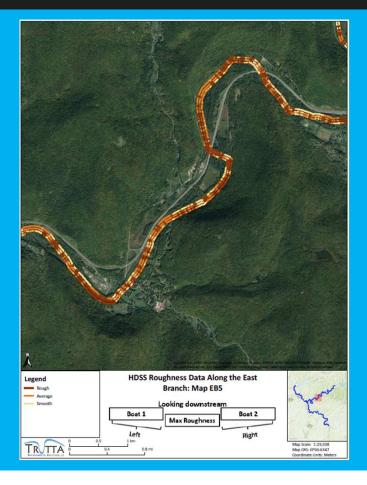
#### Trout Habitat Assessment – Habitat Type

Habitat Type	Type Count Perc		Mean Length (m)	Mean Depth (m)					
West Branch									
Riffle	212	23.6%	47.4	-0.42					
Glide	178	19.8%	32.1	-0.49					
Run	305	33.9%	67.5	-0.63					
Pool	205	22.8%	75.7	-0.89					
		Upper East B	ranch						
Riffle	110	22.5%	42.5	-0.38					
Glide	81 16.6%		41.2	-0.49					
Run 183		37.5%	57.2	-0.67					
Pool 114		23.4%	67.2	-1.02					
	-	Lower East B	ranch						
Riffle	125	18.7%	55.9	-0.41					
Glide	170	25.4%	60.3	-0.52					
Run	230	34.4%	79.4	-0.72					
Pool 143		21.4%	116.2	-1.09					
Delaware River									
Riffle	121	18.1%	129.3	-0.53					
Glide	149	22.3%	87.6	-0.65					
Run	250	37.4%	134	-0.91					
Pool	149	22.3%	185.7	-1.47					



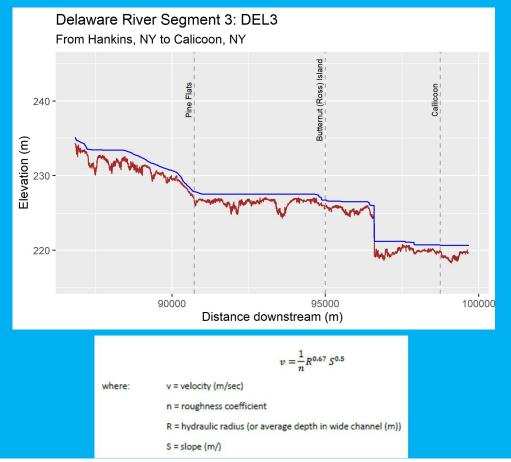
#### Trout Habitat Assessment – Roughness





#### **Trout Habitat Assessment** – Water Surface Elevation,

#### Bed Elevation, Stream Slope and Water Velocity





#### Habitat Suitability: Trout Model

RIVER RESEARCH AND APPLICATIONS River Res. Applic. 32: 1765–1775 (2016) Published online 31 March 2016 in Wiley Online Library (wileyonlinelibrary.com) DOI: 10.1002/ma.3025

#### EVALUATING METHODS TO ESTABLISH HABITAT SUITABILITY CRITERIA: A CASE STUDY IN THE UPPER DELAWARE RIVER BASIN, USA

H. S. GALBRAITH<sup>a</sup>\*, C. J. BLAKESLEE<sup>a</sup>, J. C. COLE<sup>a</sup>, C. A. TALBERT<sup>b</sup> AND K. O. MALONEY<sup>a</sup> <sup>a</sup> USGS Lectown Science Center, Northern Appalachian Research Laboratory, Wellstorn, Pennsylvania USA <sup>b</sup>USGS Fort Collins Science Center, Port Collins, Colorada USA

Table I. Habitat suitability criteria (HSC) for depth in metres (a) and velocity in metres per second (b) for nine species/life stage combination in the upper Delaware River, USA

(a)	Species	Life stage	Delphi depth (m)	Lit range depth (m)	Lit IQR depth (m)	Total N	% within Delphi range
	Brown trout (Salmo trutta)	adult	0.3-100	0.05-54.00	0.15-0.59	131	53.44
		juvenile	0.2-0.8	0.05 - 1.50	0.13-0.38	183	56.28
		spawning	0.2-0.6	0.05-0.52	0.20-0.40	52	84.62
		incubation	0.2-1.0	0.05-0.52	0.18-0.32	33	72.73
	Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	adult	0.3-100	0.07-37.90	0.21-1.20	60	70.00
		juvenile	0.2-1.0	0.12 - 1.70	0.32-0.63	39	82.05
	American shad (Alosa sapidissima)	spawning	0.3-3.0	0.2-7.30	1.39-4.11	23	47.83
		juvenile	0.25-1.6	0.2-11.00	1.00-4.80	15	40.00
	Shallow-slow guild*		0.05-0.3	N/A	N/A	0 100	
	Shallow-fast guild *		0.05-0.3	0.1 - 1.00	0.17-0.48	18	66.67
			Delphi Vel	Lit range Vel	Lit IQR-		% within
(b)	Species	Life stage	(m/s)	(m/s)	Vel (m/s)	Total N	Delphi range
	Brown trout (Salmo trutta)	adult	0.0-1.0	0.02 - 1.05	0.13-0.43	80	96.25
		juvenile	0.0-0.7	0.00 - 1.05	0.11-0.36	100	95.00
		spawning	0.3-0.8	0.10-1.08	0.29-0.50	55	70.91
		incubation	0.15-1.2	0.06 - 1.08	0.31-0.47	33	93.94
	Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	adult	0.0-1.2	0.00-0.91	0.06-0.21	25	100.00
		juvenile	0.0-0.8	0.00-1.39	0.04-0.23	43	93.02
	American shad (Alosa sapidissima)	spawning	0.2-0.7	0.01 - 1.10	0.41-0.61	19	78.95
		juvenile	0.0-0.6	0.00-1.02	0.10-0.58	12	83.33
	Shallow-slow guild*		0.0-0.3	N/A	N/A	1	50.00
	Shallow-fast guild <sup>†</sup>		0.3-1.2	0.09-0.60	0.16-0.46	8	62.50

Delphi, HSC developed by the expert opinion Delphi method and reported in Bovee et al. (2007); Lit range, literature-derived HSC for either depth or velocity including all literature observations; LitIQR, interquartile range of literature observations for either depth or velocity (refer to text for details); Total N, total number of observations in the literature for a given species/life stage combination; % within Delphi range, percentage of literature values that fell within Delphi HSC. \* Bridle shiner (Notropis bifrenatus), blue spotted sunfish (Enneacanthus gloriosus), eastern mudminnow (Umbra pygmaea), and cutlips minnow (Exoglossum maxillingua); refer to Bove et al. (2007)

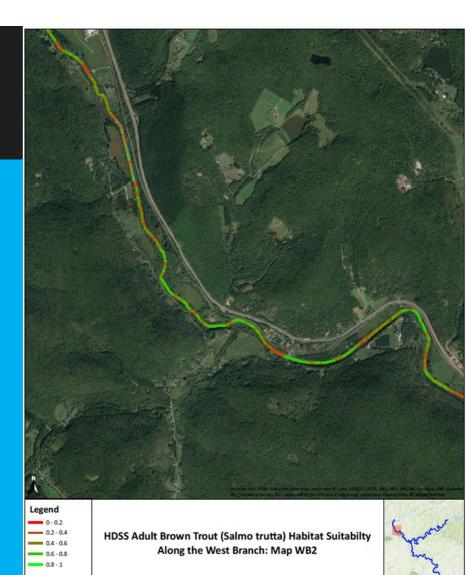
<sup>†</sup>Margined madtom (Notorus insignis), juvenile fallfish (Semotilus corporalis), and American eel (Anguilla rostrata); refer to Bovee et al. (2007)

<pre>httddesRmd :</pre>
<pre>group_by(Ss_C) %% group_by(Ss_C) %% summarise(length = n(), AvgR = mean(manningsN), avgV = mean(Velocity_msec), avgSlp = mean(SlopeD)) port(Model_vsum, paste(PathStore, 'Model_vsum.csv'', sep = ''')) summarise() ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument) (r; r(i in 1:nrow(Groups_HSI)) { Start with Brown Trout Adult ModelRun &lt;- Groups_HSI[i,] # for Brown Trout Adult TroutHSI2 &lt;- TroutHSI %%</pre>
<pre>group_by(Ss_C) %% group_by(Ss_C) %% summarise(length = n(), AvgR = mean(manningsN), avgV = mean(Velocity_msec), avgSlp = mean(SlopeD)) port(Model_vsum, paste(PathStore, 'Model_vsum.csv'', sep = ''')) summarise() ungrouping output (override with `.groups` argument) (r; r(i in 1:nrow(Groups_HSI)) { Start with Brown Trout Adult ModelRun &lt;- Groups_HSI[i,] # for Brown Trout Adult TroutHSI2 &lt;- TroutHSI %%</pre>
<pre>port(Mode]_vsum, paste(PathStore, 'Mode]_vsum.csv", 'sep = "")) summarise()' ungrouping output (override with '.groups' argument) '{r} r(i in 1:nrow(Groups_HSI)) { Start with Brown Trout Adult Mode]Run &lt;- Groups_HSI[i,] # for Brown Trout Adult TroutHSI2 &lt;- TroutHSI %&gt;%</pre>
<pre>{r} {r in 1:nrow(Groups_HSI)) {     Start with Brown Trout Adult     ModelRun &lt;- Groups_HSI[i,] # for Brown Trout Adult     TroutHSI2 &lt;- TroutHSI %&gt;%</pre>
r(i in 1:nrow(Groups_HSI)) {     Start with Brown Trout Adult     ModelRun <- Groups_HSI[i,] # for Brown Trout Adult     TroutHSI2 <- TroutHSI %>%
r(i in 1:nrow(Groups_HSI)) {     Start with Brown Trout Adult     ModelRun <- Groups_HSI[i,] # for Brown Trout Adult     TroutHSI2 <- TroutHSI %>%
r(i in 1:nrow(Groups_HSI)) {     Start with Brown Trout Adult     ModelRun <- Groups_HSI[i,] # for Brown Trout Adult     TroutHSI2 <- TroutHSI %>%
ModelRun <- Groups_HSI[i,] <i># for Brown Trout Adult</i> TroutHSI2 <- TroutHSI %>%
TroutHSI2 <- TroutHSI %-%
TroutHSI2 <- TroutHSI %-%
TroutHSI3 <- TroutHSI2 %>% filter(Variable=='D')
# Deal with Groups
Group1 <- TroutHSI3 %>% filter(Category=='G')
The (Category
#make cut off values
C1 <- Group1\$C1 C2 <- Group1\$C2
C3 <- Group13C3
C4 <- Group1\$C4
C5 <- Group1§C5
Suit1 <- TroutHSI3 ‰%
filter(Category=='S')
S1 <- Suit1\$C1
52 <- Suit15C2
S3 <- Suit1\$C3 S4 <- Suit1\$C4
ST <- SuitlSC5
<pre>Model2 &lt;- Model_V %&gt;% mutate(DepthHSI = if_else(between(AvgD2, C1, C2), S1,</pre>
if Lase (between (AvgD2, CL, C2), S1, if Lase (between (AvgD2, C2, C3), S2,
if_else(between(AvgD2, C3, C4), S3,

# Habitat Suitability: Trout Model Results

#### HSI Based on Depth, Velocity, Substrate and Cover

Segment	Brown Trout Adult	Brown Trout Juvenile	Brown Trout Spawning	Rainbow Trout Adult	Rainbow Trout Juvenile
West Branch	0.52	0.53	0.41	0.63	0.64
Upper East Branch	0.45	0.52	0.44	0.56	0.54
Lower East Branch	0.56	0.49	0.38	0.63	0.62
Delaware River	0.63	0.45	0.32	0.67	0.65



TRITA

Map Scale: 1:29,50

Map CRS: EP96:6347

### Habitat Suitability: Trout Model Application

Brown Trout: Compare Sites near good adult habitat with good spawning habitat

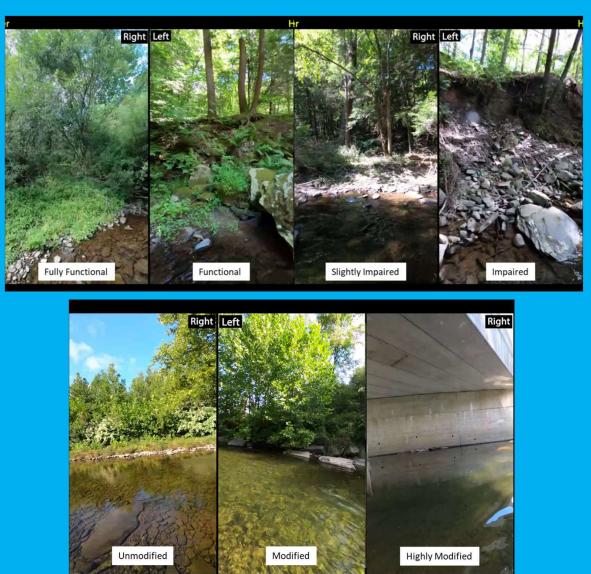
Anglers: Find new fishing locations



### Tributary Stream Habitat and Fish Surveys

- Goal was to train TU members to do High Definition Fish Surveys (HDFS) on Shehawken Creek
- COVID changed everything
- We did HDSS and HDFS for Shehawken and Equinunk Creeks





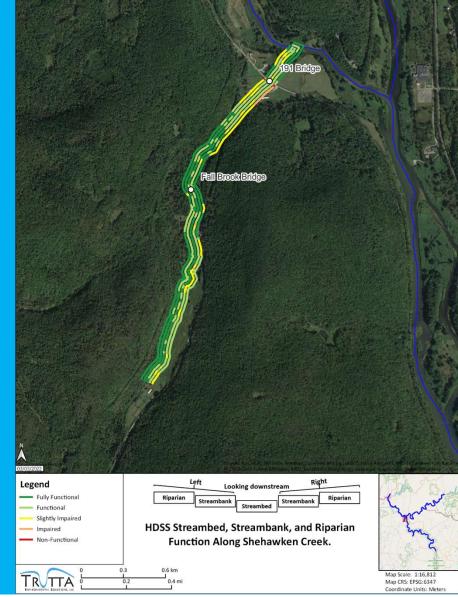


Table 10: Length and percent of Right Riparian, Right Streambank, Streambed, Left Riparian and Left Streambank Function Scores for Shehawken and Equinunk creeks.

River Segment	Function	Right Riparian Count (m)	Right Riparian Percent	Right Streambank Count (m)	Right Streambank Percent	Streambed Count (m)	Streambed Percent	Left Streambank Count (m)	Left Streambank Percent	Left Riparian Count (m)	Left Riparian Percent
Shehawken Creek	Fully Functional	933	33.2	487	17.3	1414	50.2	1173	41.7	2032	72.2
Shehawken Creek	Functional	967	34.4	1754	62.3	1242	44.1	1509	53.6	393	14
Shehawken Creek	Slightly Impaired	711	25.3	538	19.1	141	5	132	4.7	371	13.2
Shehawken Creek	Impaired	187	6.6	35	1.2	0	0	0	0	7	0.2
Shehawken Creek	Non-functional	16	0.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0.4
Equinunk Creek	Fully Functional	1560	61.4	0	0	1171	46.1	0	0	766	30.1
Equinunk Creek	Functional	599	23.6	1913	75.3	1161	45.7	1987	78.2	1143	45
Equinunk Creek	Slightly Impaired	220	8.7	595	23.4	209	8.2	554	21.8	581	22.9
Equinunk Creek	Impaired	117	4.6	33	1.3	0	0	0	0	16	0.6
Equinunk Creek	Non-functional	45	1.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	35	1.4

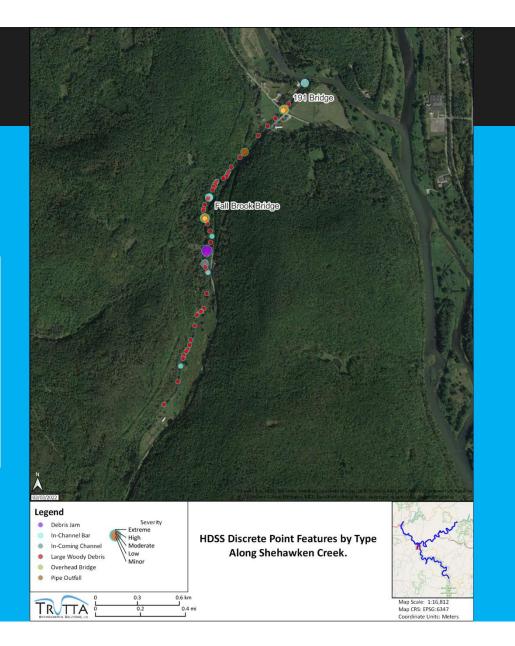
Table 11: Length and percent of Right Streambank, Streambed and Left Riparian Modification Scores for Shehawken and Equinunk creeks. Note: There are no modification scores for the riparian areas as the riparian condition score considers the amount of modification as part of its categorical scoring.

River Segment	Modification	Right Streambank Count (m)	Right Streambank Percent	Streambed Count (m)	Streambed Percent	Left Streambank Count (m)	Left Streambank Percent
Shehawken Creek	Unmodified	2680	95.2	2814	100	2779	98.8
Shehawken Creek	Modified	118	4.2	0	0	15	0.5
Shehawken Creek	Highly Modified	16	0.6	0	0	20	0.7
Equinunk Creek	Unmodified	2335	91.9	2541	100	2314	91.1
Equinunk Creek	Modified	132	5.2	0	0	150	5.9
Equinunk Creek	Highly Modified	74	2.9	0	0	77	3

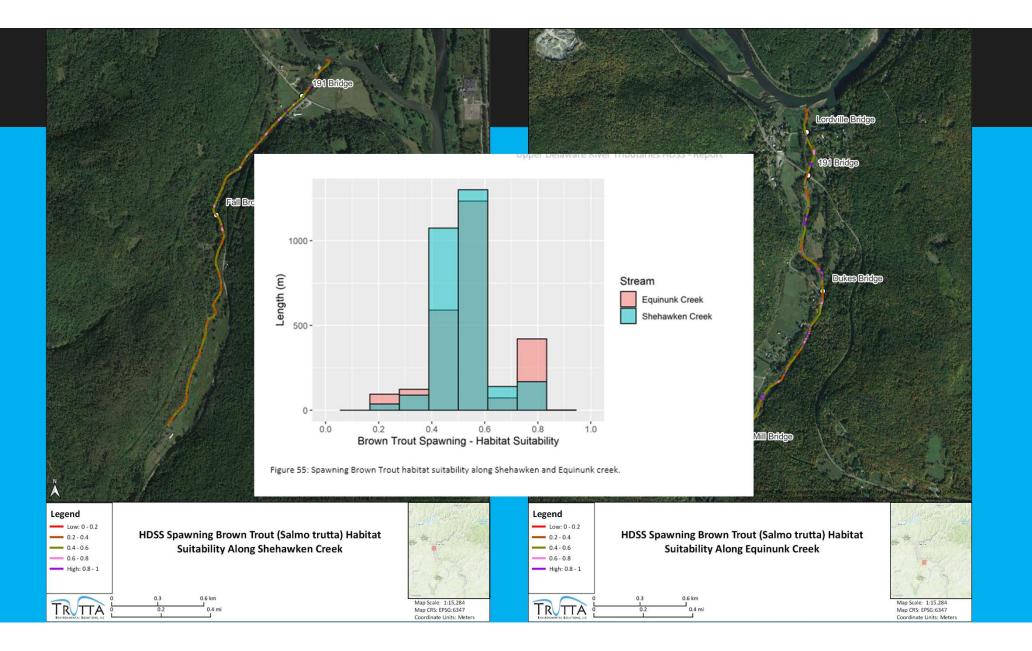
### Point Issues

Table 12: Discrete Point Feature observations within the survey area.

Stream Segment	Point Class	Point Type	Count
Shehawken Creek	Other	Debris Jam	1
Shehawken Creek	Other	In-Channel Bar	5
Shehawken Creek	Other	In-Coming Channel	1
Shehawken Creek	Other	Large Woody Debris	46
Shehawken Creek	Pipe	Pipe Outfall	1
Shehawken Creek	Road	Overhead Bridge	2
Equinunk Creek	Other	Large Woody Debris	9
Equinunk Creek	Road	Overhead Bridge	3







## High Definition Fish Survey (HDFS)



**Underwater Camera** 



Pole Camera Set Up

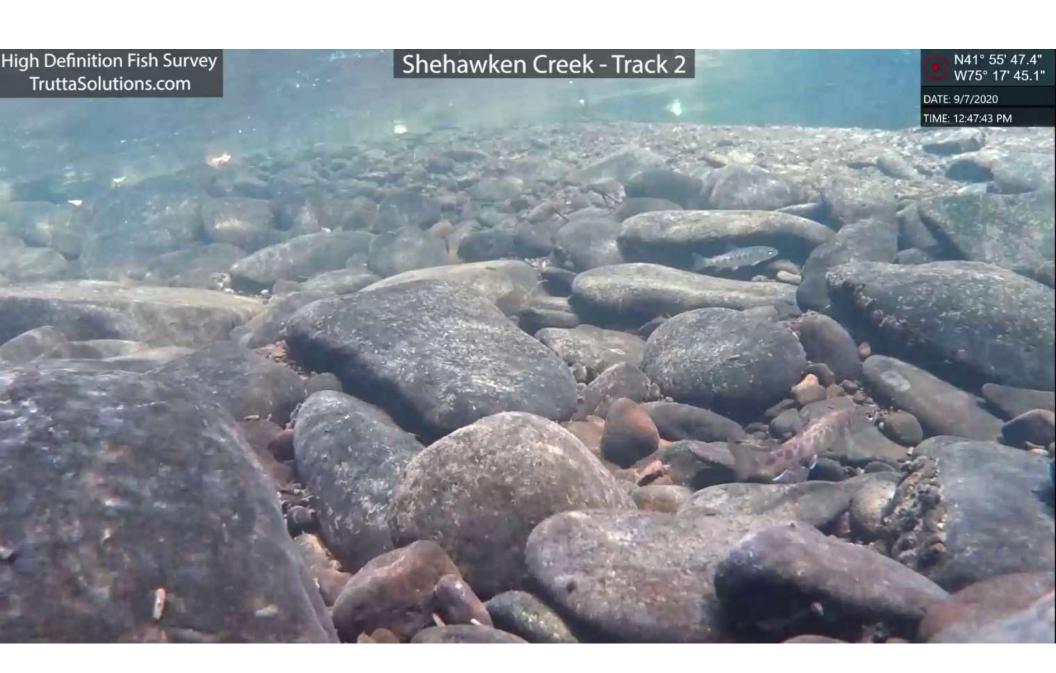
# HDFS Training

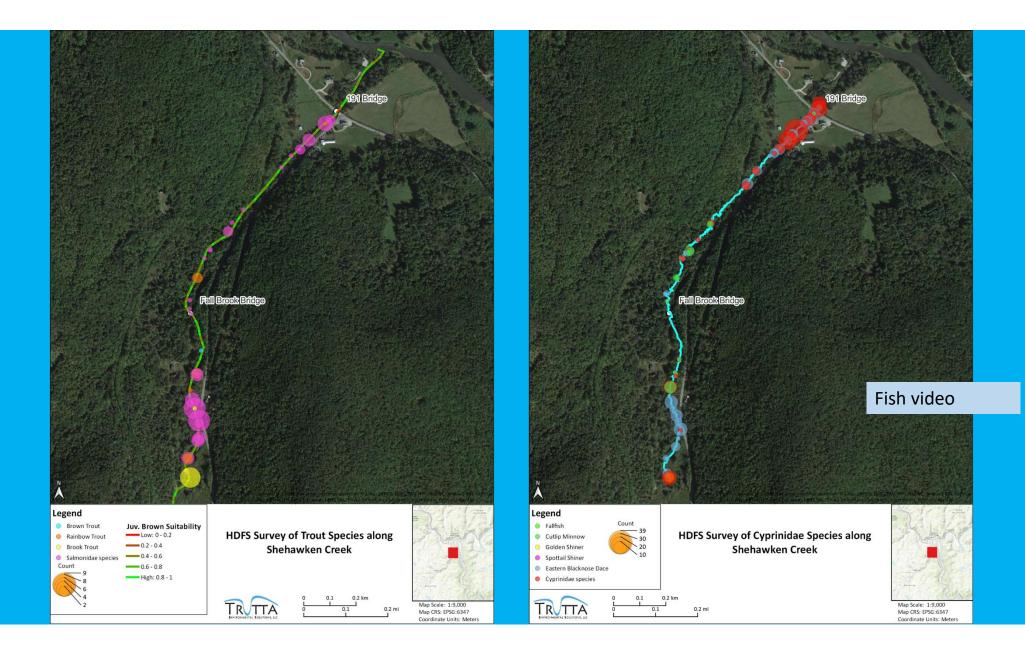


Survey by Lee Hartman

### HDFS Observations







## Conclusions

- StreamView Video on over 80 miles of Upper Delaware River and lower Shehawken and Equinunk Creeks
- SCA showed the river in overall good condition with some areas of concern
  - Streambank Erosion
  - Invasive Plants
- Trout Habitat Assessment
  - Provided continuous habitat and habitat suitability for Adult Brown and Rainbow Trout, Juvenile Brown and Rainbow Trout, and Brown Trout Spawning Habitats
  - Highly depended on suitability criteria
  - Find new, good fishing areas
- Excellent baseline documentation for public outreach, management actions, and future comparisons



### BETTER DATA. BETTER DECISIONS.

Jim.Parham@TruttaSolutions.com TruttaSolutions.com